**Activity**: Short Story Workshop: Gothic Fiction  
**Intended Grade/Audience**: 6th-8th

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<th>Overview of the Activity:</th>
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| This short story workshop focuses on introducing the Gothic genre to students. Students will identify elements of the gothic genre within Edgar Allan Poe’s works. Then, using what they know about the genre and story writing, they will create their own piece of gothic literature. | 1. Students will be introduced to Edgar Allan Poe to create a lasting interest and appreciation for his literature.  
2. Students will strengthen their reading comprehension.  
3. Students will strengthen their creative writing skills.  
4. Students will understand the elements of Gothic literature.  
5. Students will expand their knowledge and understanding of literary devices and elements of a story. | - Introduction to Gothic fiction (5 min)  
- Masque of the Red Death reading (10 min)  
- Fall of the House of Usher reading (10 min)  
- Writing (20 min)  
- Conclusion/present (5 min) |

**Virginia SOLs addressed and/or met:**

**For 6th grade:**
- **Reading** - 6.5 The student will read and demonstrate comprehension of a variety of fictional texts, literary nonfiction, and poetry.
- **Writing** - 6.7 The student will write in a variety of forms to include narrative, expository, persuasive, and reflective with an emphasis on narrative and reflective writing.
- **Writing** - 6.8 The student will self- and peer-edit writing for capitalization, punctuation, spelling, sentence structure, paragraphing, and Standard English.

**For 7th grade:**
- **Reading** - 7.5 The student will read and demonstrate comprehension of a variety of fictional texts, literary nonfiction, and poetry.
- **Writing** - 7.7 The student will write in a variety of forms to include narrative, expository, persuasive, and reflective with an emphasis on expository and persuasive writing.
- **Writing** - 7.8 The student will self- and peer-edit writing for capitalization, punctuation, spelling, sentence structure, paragraphing, and Standard English.

**For 8th grade:**
- **Reading** - 8.5 - The student will read and analyze a variety of fictional texts, literary nonfiction, poetry, and drama.
- **Writing** - 8.7 The student will write in a variety of forms to include narrative, expository, persuasive, and reflective with an emphasis on expository and persuasive writing.
Introduction to Gothic Fiction

Gothic fiction is a literary genre categorized by several unifying themes, such as darkness and fear. A story does not need to have all of these themes to be considered gothic, but it should have at least one. Gothic literature is often associated with stories such as *Frankenstein* by Mary Shelley or *Dracula* by Bram Stoker. However, modern literature/media, such as *Goosebumps* by R.L. Stine or *The Exorcist* written by William Peter Blatty and directed by William Friedkin, are also part of the gothic genre.

Gothic themes:

- Dark, eerie, decayed setting
- Atmosphere of mystery and suspense; plot is often built around some type of mystery or unknown factor
- Ancient prophecy
- Strange omens and/or visions
- Supernatural events or occurrences
- Dramatic, overwrought emotions; characters are often overwhelmed by intense feelings of fear, sadness, anger, etc.
- Women in distress
- Women threatened by a powerful, even tyrannical male
- The metonymy of gloom and horror; type of metaphor in which oftentimes the weather or sounds are used to communicate a mood (ex: pouring rain at a funeral, howling wind, chains dragging across a stone floor)

Edgar Allan Poe (1809-1849) is an American writer and poet, dubbed the “Master of the Macabre,” for his horror/gothic stories such as “The Tell-Tale Heart,” “Cask of Amontillado,” “The Pit and the Pendulum,” “Masque of the Red Death,” and “The Fall of the House of Usher.” While Poe did not invent the genre, he revolutionized it by depicting psychological horror—emphasizing the evils which lie within the human mind.

Poe used several fears in his stories inspired by life in the early 19th century. Many of Poe’s real-life experiences, such as the death of his mother and wife due to tuberculosis, influenced these fears. Poe also witnessed the rise of mass media sensationalizing darker topics like premature burials and murders.

Fears Poe used in his stories:

- Being buried alive
- Disease
- Torture
- Reanimation
- Murder

**Directions:** Before you write your own gothic story, read two excerpts from Poe’s stories. First, read the following excerpt from “The Masque of the Red Death” (1842). Identify the elements of a story as they
are present in this section (setting, characters, conflict, plot, and theme). Additionally, identify gothic themes, fears, and figurative language present in the story.

“The “Red Death” had long devastated the country. No pestilence had been ever so fatal, or so hideous. Blood was its Avator and its seal — the redness and the horror of blood. There were sharp pains, and sudden dizziness, and then profuse bleedings at the pores, with dissolution. The scarlet stains upon the body and especially upon the face of the victim, were the pest-ban which shut him out from the aid and from the sympathy of his fellow-men. And the whole seizure, progress and termination of the disease were the incidents of half an hour.

“But the Prince Prospero was happy and dauntless, and sagacious. When his dominions were half depopulated, he summoned to his presence a thousand hale and light-hearted friends from among the knights and dames of his court, and with these retired to the deep seclusion of one of his castellated abbeys. This was an extensive and magnificent structure, the creation of the prince’s own eccentric yet august taste. A strong and lofty wall girdled it in. This wall had gates of iron. The courtiers, having entered, brought furnaces and massy hammers and welded the bolts. They resolved to leave means neither of ingress or egress to the sudden impulses of despair from without or of frenzy from within. The abbey was amply provisioned. With such precautions the courtiers might bid defiance to contagion. The external world could take care of itself. In the meantime it was folly to grieve, or to think. The prince had provided all the appliances of pleasure. There were buffoons, there were improvisatori, there were ballêt-dancers, there were musicians, there were cards, there was Beauty, there was wine. All these and security were within. Without was the “Red Death.”

1. What are the elements of the story?
   a. Setting:

   b. Character(s):

   c. Conflict:

   d. Plot:

   e. Theme:

2. What gothic theme(s) is present in the story? Provide examples from the text.
Directions: Read the following excerpt from “The Fall of the House of Usher” (1839). Identify the elements of a story as they are present in this section (setting, characters, conflict, plot, and theme). Additionally, identify gothic themes, fears, and figurative language present in the story.

“During the whole of a dull, dark, and soundless day in the autumn of the year, when the clouds hung oppressively low in the heavens, I had been passing alone, on horseback, through a singularly dreary tract of country, and at length found myself, as the shades of the evening drew on, within view of the melancholy House of Usher. I know not how it was—but, with the first glimpse of the building, a sense of insufferable gloom pervaded my spirit... I looked upon the scene before me—upon the mere house, and the simple landscape features of the domain—upon the bleak walls—upon the vacant eye-like windows—upon a few rank sedges—and upon a few white trunks of decayed trees—with an utter depression of soul which I can compare to no earthly sensation... There was an iciness, a sinking, a sickening of the heart—an unredeemed dreariness of thought which no goading of the imagination could torture into aught of the sublime. What was it—I paused to think—what was it that so unnerved me in the contemplation of the House of Usher?”

1. What are the elements of the story?
   a. Setting:
   
   b. Character(s):
   
   c. Conflict:
   
   d. Plot:
   
   e. Theme:

2. What gothic theme(s) is present in the story? Provide examples from the text.
3. What fears does Poe highlight?

4. What literary devices are present in the story? Provide examples from the text.
Writing Workshop 1: Historical Gothic Fiction

Directions: Using what you know about gothic themes, elements of a story, literary devices, and fears, you will now create your own gothic story. Using what you know about Poe’s life and life in the 19th century, write your story using gothic elements and fears from the past. Plan your story by listing the gothic themes, story elements, and literary devices you will use in your story below.

1. What are the elements of the story?
   a. Setting:

   b. Character(s):

   c. Conflict:

   d. Plot:

   e. Theme:

2. What gothic themes will you include?

3. What fears will you include?

4. What literary devices will you include? Choose at least three.
   a.

   b.

   c.
Write: Write your story in the space below.
Writing Workshop 2: Modern Gothic Fiction

Directions: Using what you know about gothic themes, elements of a story, literary devices, and fears, you will now create your own gothic story. This time, choose gothic elements and fears from your life and/or the world you live in. Plan your story by listing the gothic themes, story elements, literary devices you will use in your story below.

1. What are the elements of the story?
   a. Setting:

   b. Character(s):

   c. Conflict:

   d. Plot:

   e. Theme:

2. What gothic themes will you include?

3. What fears will you include?

4. What literary devices will you include? Choose at least three.
   a.

   b.

   c.
Write: Write your story in the space below.